CCA Pressure Treated wood products have stood the test of time. CCA pressure treated wood that was installed as far back as the 1940’s is still in use today and still in serviceable condition. CCA products are the materials of choice for post frame buildings and permanent wood foundations. The CCA wood preservative system meets the American Wood Protection Association (AWPA) Standards and meets all major building code requirements.

While CCA is no longer used in the construction of decks, fences, fresh water boat docks, playsets, gazebos, retaining walls, and a variety of other residential applications it still has many uses:

- Plywood treated to .40 or .60 pcf can be used for residential or agricultural storage sheds, garages, and trailers.
- Timber, lumber and round poles treated to .60 pcf can be used for structural support timbers for agricultural buildings.
- Laminated columns treated to .60 pcf can be used for structural support timbers for agricultural buildings.
- Fence posts (round, half round and quarter round only) treated to .40 pcf can be used for agricultural use.
- Timber and lumber treated to a .60 pcf can be used for golf course bridges.
- Plywood and lumber for permanent wood foundations treated to .60 pcf can be used in both residential and commercial treated wood foundations.*
- Structural glue laminated beams treated to .40 pcf or .60 pcf can be used in structural applications.*

This is not an all inclusive list so be sure to check your state and local building codes for approved uses of CCA.

For more information on the retained uses for CCA treated wood products, visit: [www.epa.gov/oppad001/reregistration/cca/awpa_table.htm](http://www.epa.gov/oppad001/reregistration/cca/awpa_table.htm). Permanent wood foundations and laminated beams are engineered systems and therefore are not warranted by the Retailer, Chemical Supplier or the Manufacturer of the treated lumber.

**Consumer Information:**

This wood has been preserved by pressure treatment with an EPA-registered pesticide containing inorganic arsenic to protect it from insect attack and decay. Wood treated with inorganic arsenic should be used only where such protection is important. Inorganic arsenic penetrates deeply into and remains in the pressure treated wood for a long time. Some chemical may migrate from treated wood into surrounding soil over time and may also be dislodged from the wood surface upon contact with skin. Exposure to inorganic arsenic may present certain hazards. The following precautions should be taken both when handling and determining where to use/dispose of CCA treated wood.

**Use/Site Precautions:**

- All sawdust and construction debris should be cleaned up and disposed of after construction.
- Do not use treated wood under circumstances where the preservative may become a component of food or animal feed. Examples of such sites are use of mulch from recycled arsenic-treated wood, cutting boards, countertops, animal bedding, and structures or containers for storing animal feed or human food.
only treated wood that is visibly clean and free of surface residue should be used.

- Do not use treated wood for construction of any portion of beehives that may come into contact with honey.

- Treated wood should not be used where it may come into direct or indirect contact with drinking water, except for uses involving incidental contact such as golf course bridges.

**Handling Precautions:**

- Treated wood should not be burned in open fires or in stoves, fireplaces, or residential boilers because toxic chemicals may be produced as part of the smoke and ashes. Treated wood from commercial or industrial use (e.g., construction sites) may be burned only in commercial or industrial incinerators or boilers in accordance with state and federal regulations. CCA treated wood can be disposed of with regular municipal trash (i.e., municipal solid waste, not yard waste) in many areas. State or local laws may be stricter than federal requirements. For more information, please contact the waste management agency for your state.

- Avoid frequent or prolonged inhalation of sawdust from treated wood. Wear a dust mask when sawing, sanding, and machining treated wood. Whenever possible, these operations should be performed outdoors to avoid indoor accumulations or airborne sawdust from treated wood.

- When power-sawing and machining, wear goggles to protect eyes from flying particles.

- Wear gloves when working with the wood. After working with the wood, and before eating, drinking, toileting and use of tobacco products, wash exposed areas thoroughly.

- Because preservatives or sawdust may accumulate on clothes, they should be laundered before reuse. Wash work clothes separately from other household clothing.

**How to Make Claims:**

Defective product may be brought back to the nearest Menards® store for an even exchange of replacement product or for a refund. The defective CCA and a receipt of your purchase will be required.

*Permanent Wood Foundations, post frame buildings and laminated beams are engineered systems and therefore are not warranted by the Retailer, Chemical Supplier or the Manufacturer of the treated lumber other than fungal decay and termite damage. The expense of labor, installation, delivery, or removal of treated product is not covered by this warranty. For all installed claims: If you purchased CCA installed it, have a problem with it and cannot simply bring it back for an exchange or refund - please submit an Installed Guest Complaint Form along with photograph(s), description of the defect and a copy of your original purchase receipt or proof of purchase. Forms may be obtained at any Menards® store, or can be found online at www.Menards.com and mailed directly to:

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